What is GIS?



"GIS" stands for Geographic Information Systems. It has been called "Intelligent Mapping" because it combines the powerful features of a database with the location analysis of a digital map. In short GIS is a visual decision-making tool that requires hardware, software and professionals trained in this technology.

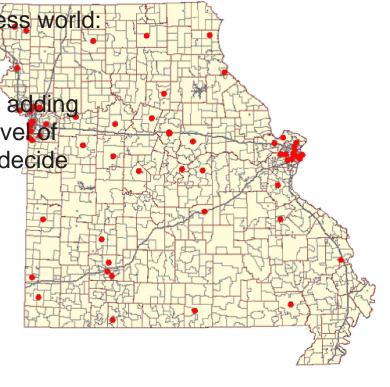
Why use GIS in Economic Development?

GIS illustrates two important realities in the business world:

- "A picture is worth a thousand words" and
- "Location, Location, Location"

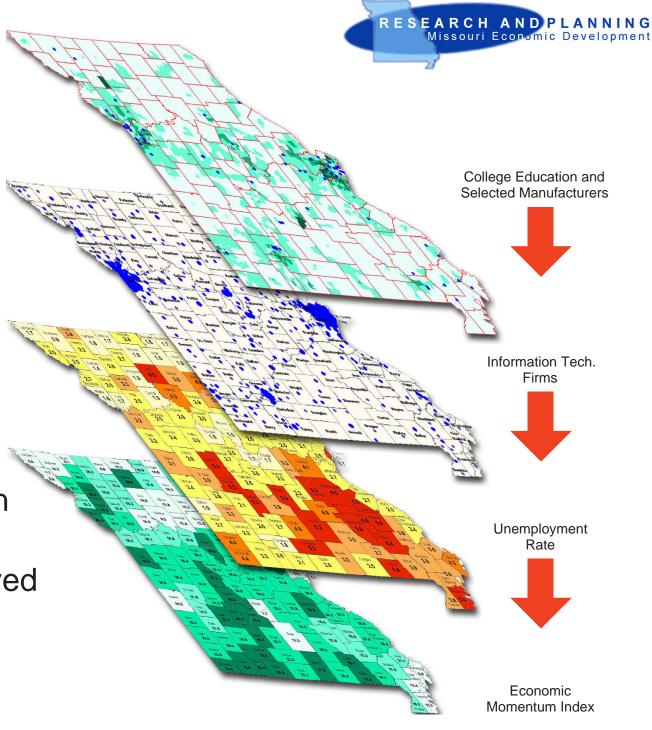
Most databases contain locational information, so adding GIS to the capabilities of an office brings a new level of analysis that helps businesses and governments decide the all important question; WHERE?

- WHERE are communities that need assistance?
- WHERE does a qualified labor force exist?
- WHERE to focus tax credits?
- WHERE to locate a factory?



How does GIS work?

GIS takes layers of information that are tied to locations on the earth and overlays them for viewing and analysis. Since these GIS layers have a database, the map can be "asked" questions and the results displayed for review.

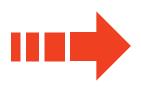


Show Me an Example!

The best way to understand GIS is to see an example.



WHERE are the Colleges in Missouri?



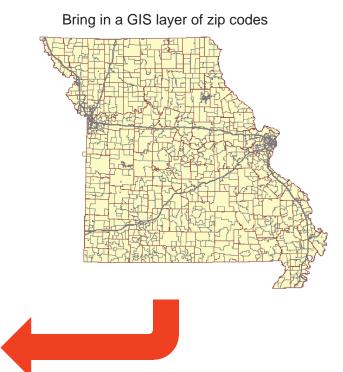
| College_na | mmile, City | Zip | Ownership |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------|-------------|
| Central Methodist College | Fayette | 65248 | Independent |
| Central Missouri State University | Warrensburg | 64093 | Public |
| College of the Ozarks | Point Lookout | 65726 | Independent |
| Columbia College | Columbia | 65216 | Independent |
| Crowder College | Neosho | 64850 | Public |
| Culver-Stockton College | Canton | 63435 | Independent |
| East Central College | Union | 65084 | Public |
| Fontbonne College | St. Louis | 63105 | Independent |



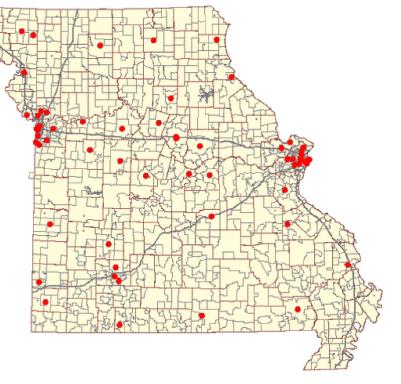
GIS Function:

Geocoding

Bring in a database file of colleges (with zip codes) into the GIS



Geocode addresses based on zip codes to create new GIS layer of colleges.

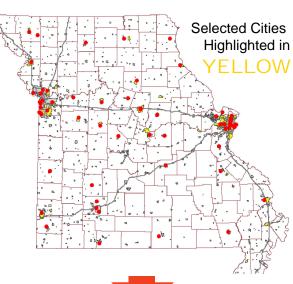


Example Continued...

Now that the data is geocoded, the analysis begins.

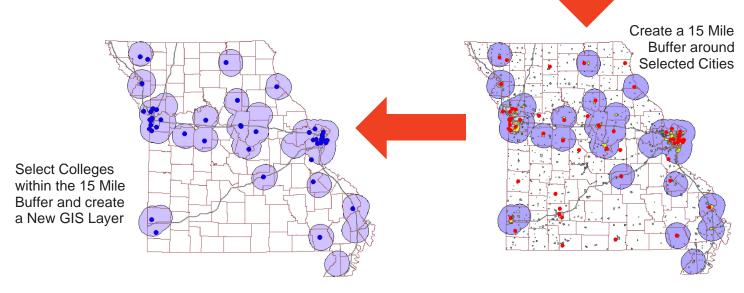
RESEARCH AND PLANNING
Missouri Economic Development

WHICH Colleges are within 15 miles of a Smaller City (Population between 10,000 to 80,000)?



GIS Functions:

Query Buffer Select By Theme



Example Continued...

Getting close to an answer.



About Assign Data By Location

This operation joins only the

data for features of Theme2 to the features of theme1 which

About Assign Data by Location

hare the same location

Use the GIS to add block group information to the GIS layer of colleges. Each college will have information from the block group it is in added to

Choose a GeoProcessing operation,

then click the Next button to choose

C Clip one theme based on another C Intersect two themes C. Union two themes

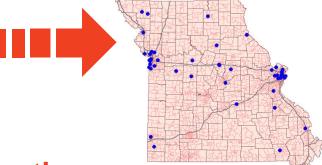
C Merge themes together

 Assign data by location (Spatial Join)

C Dissolve features based on an attribute

the college database.

WHICH colleges are in an area of young people?





Colleges near Selected Cities

34 - 45 Gen ?

Crowder College Public Fontbonne College Harris-Stowe State College Public St. Louis Jefferson College Hillsboro 63050 Kansas City Art Institute Kansas City 64111 Independent 815 Maryville University of Saint Louis Maple Woods Community College - Met Kansas City 330 Longview Community College - Metropa Lee's Summit Blue River Community College - Metropi Independence 64057 Penn Valley Community College - Metro Kansas City 815 Public 1526 1016 Missouri Southern State College

Assign Data by Location

Symbolize Data

GIS Functions:



Now Colleges can be Symbolized to see which have the YOUNG! population

